Fascinating as the shop windows are in the fashionable districts, there is a superior entertainment for the male shopper in the old district, that in which Fulton and Nassau atreats correspond to Twenty-third street and Fifth avenue in the up-town district. There is a big trade done down there by the up-town buyers who travel up and down town on the elevated and do not want to make two trips in either direction, and so do their shopping where their grandfathers did. Away down there you come across such particularly fetching special shops—places where absolutely nothing but brushes and sponges are sold, little stalls where only the dried or esoned or preserved products of tropical fruits are dealt in, shops where wrought-iron antiquities constitute the special line, or stalls which still make conspicuous display of ome smoking-tobacco mixture which brocaded beaux used to smoke on Bowling Green. The front window panes are not so large nor cleaned so often as they are up town, but they are worth looking through. They give you a quieting sense, somehow, that there is not a clanging, banging, whanging, benstly, bullying cable car nearer than Chicago.

"I have often observed," remarked the Onboker. "curious exhibitions of pugnacity be-tween two middle-aged men I know, who are supposed to be, and I guess are, sound, firm, inseparable friends. They patronize the same club, always include each other in their stag dinner invitations, send their families to Europe together, and celebrate each other's birthdays and their college class days by becoming reasonably drunk. There is nothing extraordinary about them besides this carious occasional antagonism. Otherwise they are inconspicuous, taxpaying, which could be supposed to the are inconspicuous, taxpaying, which sometimes when they are with a crowd, talking along in a friendly manner, there will be a sudden firing of some secret mine of animosity and then they quarrel and blackguard each other in a way to set your hair on end. My curiosity was stretched to the snapping point by seeing this go on at intercals for years, and so I asked them about it he other day. They both laughed when I spoke of it, and one answered, as if that explained everything: Why, Tom belonged to the Ninth street gang and I belonged to the Ninth street gang and I belonged to the Ninth street gang extended further that the Ninth street gang and I belonged to the safe and the Bleecker street gang held undisputed sway up as far as South Washington square. The intervening square was battles ground. Whatever one gang did or said or believed, the other revised, contradicted, and denied. Tom and Dick had never met in their lives up to the time they were twelve years old, except on opposite sides in a battle. Yet they met every day, Then they dritted together gain in business and club life, but the early habit of assuming the other wreng because he was the other and of quarreling on the assumption will sometimes assert itself instinctively.

"W. C. P. Breekinridge deserves all the repusupposed to be, and I guess are, sound, firm, inseparable friends. They patronize the same

"W. C. P. Breekinridge deserves all the repu tation he has for his readiness and facility." said a veteran Washington correspondent It is perfectly true that he can speak well and without special preparation on almost any subject, and the trouble is that he does. What I mean is that he is undenlably a poser. He loves to speak to a full gallery, and will often, when the galleries are crowded, make one of his short, effective little speeches, whether he is programmed to do so or not. His conspicuous attitudes, high, clear, ponetrating voice, shock of silver hair and beard, inform every one when 'the' Breckinridge has the floor." It is perfectly true that he can speak well The fresh green of mid-spring carpets the

parks and squares, but the trees seem a trifle hy about budding. But this is more seeming any about budding. But this is more seeming than real, as you may discover if, instead of eraning your neck to look up at the trees by daylight, you will simply look down at the stone pavements by electric light. Wherever a branch of a tree intervenes between a strong are light and the ground and there is a smooth stone pavement to define the shadow, the condition of the swelling buds is pictured in enlarged black and white drawing. If you care for that sort of thing you can note the development of the buds and leaves night by night.

"I was particularly struck by what THE SU

said the other day about the Bohemian Club being possible nowhere but in San Francisco," said a New Yorker who has just returned from the Midwinter Fair City. "A few days before I left there was a dinner in the Bohemian Club strended only by members who have received foreign decorations. There were thirteen members there, and they represented by their criers and decorations England, Germany, France, Beigium, Japan, the bandwich Islands, Turkey, and one or two other countries. Of source it was interesting to learn that a club in remote California should have so many members who had earned foreign decorations; but that was not half so interesting as the manner in which those Bohemians regarded their dinner and its reason for being. The knight of the Order of Olaf, the Knight Commander of the Royal Ottoman Order of the Middle, a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, who also belongs to the Order of the Iron Crowniof Germany, and the other chevaliers, sirs, and knights, all but two American born, sat at their reunion dinner, with a keen and perfect appreciation of the humor of the situation, and their special music, the table decorations, and their special music, the table decorations, and their special aftended only by members who have received mor of the situation, and their special music, the table decorations, and their specches evinced this appreciation. Then the younger members of the club promptly buriesqued the first affair with a big dinner, at which they gravely conferred on each other titles of 'Chevalier d'Industrie' and 'Knight of the Order of Cheerful Worker,' and dispensed to one another decorations of the 'Legion of the Untired Elbow' and 'Fellow of the Following Morn. Can you fancy the titled and decorated citizens of New York permitting themselves to be regarded, either ythemselves or others, in any but the grand and gloomy light we have ever been accustemed to view them?"

It is generally believed that the highest ambition entertained by an English pugilist is o retire at the end of his career to the comparative quiet of public house life, and a good nany noted prize fighters have made money in this way after becoming too old to appear n the forty-foot ring. Tom Savers's public house was for many years a popular resort, and was liberally patronized, not only by other members of the fistic profession, but by sporting men, noblemen, undergraduates, and people of every class that have an interest in the prize ring. Jim Smith, who was not long ago a famous fighter, is now the keeper of a prosperous bar room in Birmingham, England. Butthanks to the enlightened public sentiment which prevails in America in these modern times our exclighters find starring a much more profitable employment than keeping a saloon. Sullivan and Corbett are both doing well in this line of art, and it is believed that even Charley Mitchell could make a living out of it if he were to try. Another puglist who has found profitable, if unheroic, occupation for the years which have succeeded his retirement from the ring is Tug Wilson, the man with the short ox-like neck who made \$7,000 in a lew minutes at the Madison Square Garden some years ago by standing up and lying down and getting up again before the then unvanquished chan I. Sullivan. Mr. Wilson is now a sober and Industrious British citizen, and is the provision of a large shoe factory in Leicester. It was in this business that he invested the measey which he made in America, and it is said that his fortune has greatly increased since then. house was for many years a popular resort.

## Mr. Prior's Mind Evidently Affected.

A well-dressed man about forty-five years old, who said he was Bernard Prior of 325 East Thirtieth street, rushed into the office of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company at Mad-ison avenue and Twenty-third street on Sat-

ison avenue and Twenty-third street on Saturday afternoon, and, making straight for the
cashier's window, asked in a loud voice:

How about that rent?"

This company owes me \$1.000 for last
month's rent. I should like to have it now, as
I want to pay several bills this afternoon."

The special officer stationed in the building
asked the man a few questions, and concludleg that he was a crank arrested him. The
prisoner was arraigned in the Jefferson Market
tolice Court yesterday and was committed for
examination as to his sanity.

Robbed a Young Man and Then Shot Him KALIMAZON, Mich., March 25.—Emanuel Schoenberg, oldest son of the Bev. A. Schoenberg of South Haven, while returning home on Friday night from a visit to his uncle. Mr.

on ridar night from a visit to his uncle, and the town, was held up by three men, unknown, and robbed of a small sum of money and arevolver, which the young man happened to have. The robbers then shot young the lost night. He was that it time, and he died last night. He was that to describe his assailants.

Twa : f His Daughters Bead and Two Bying J. Jaccie of 186 Johnson avenue. Newark, had seven daughters last week. All were Instrated by scarlet fover. The eldest was only slightly over Syears old. She was buried of thier. Another died on Saturday, and will be buried to-day. Two of the other children are said to be dying.

Hartly a better novel than "The Countess Radna," by E. E. Korris, has been wristen, dealing with high-class lengths sectory life.—Ada

QUITE PROPER BUT PROPORING.

pward of Fifty Giels Publicly Kloued in Williamsburgh Batts Upward of fifty young women and girls are publicly kissed every work day morning at the foot of Broadway, Williamsburgh. One of the ferry hands explains it this way:

"A strong friendship exists between many of the girls who daily go to their work in New York. The girls come down to the ferry in twos and threes, usually arm in arm, and chatting as happily as society women at a 5 o'clock tea. The exigencies of business make it necessary in some instances for one of a little group to take the Grand street boat, while her friends take the Roosevelt street or the Twenty-third

take the Roosevelt street or the Twenty-third street locat.

When parting time comes many of the girls give each other a little squeeze and a kiss. Then they wave their hands in the manner known to little children as 'day, day,' and say: 'don't forget what I told you,' or remember to-night,' and drift up to the penny hox with the crowd. Between 7's and 8's o'clock one morning last week I counted forty-seven pairs of girls in the act of kissing on the corner in front of the bank. They were good loud smacks, too."

#### HORSESHOERS WANT THEIR PAY. They Beelde to Call in a Body Upon Com-

missioner Andrews Street Cleaning Commissioner Andrews is in for another brush with the employees of the department. It is the horseshoers this time who will visit him in a body to know why they who will visit him in a body to know why they have not been paid, as they allege, since Feb. 1 by John J. Hassett, who has the contract for shoeing the horses of the department. Hassett, who is an ex-President of the horseshoers' union, has a contract to shoe the 800 horses for \$2.50 each a menth. Up to Feb. 1, the men say, they were paid all right and then payments stopped. Hassett, they say, owes them \$1.500 altogether. They say that Hassett's explanation is that he has not got the money yet from Mr. Andrews, and that Mr. Andrews says the Comptroller's office is responsible for the delay.

#### He Blackened Grace Sherwood's Eye. Joseph H. Coyne, an actor, was a prisoner in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday

morning on a charge of assaulting Grace Sher-wood, who has starred through the country in Jane." The complainant said that she and Coyne were married three years ago. They have been living for the last year at 220 West Twenty-fourth street. Coyne, it is alleged, re-turned home late on Friday night in an in-toxicated condition. A quarrel enaued, in which it is said that he struck the woman several times. When the actress appeared in court yesterday one of her eyes was badly dis-colored.

colored.

Coyne denied that he was married to the woman, and pleaded not guilty to the charge. He was held for examination on Tuesday. Ball was furnished.

#### MARINE INTRILLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALWANAC—THIS DAT.
Sun rises... 5 54 | Sun sets... 6 18 | Moon rises. mor HIGH WATER-THIS DAY. Sandy Hook 11 18 | Gov. Island 11 35 | Hell Gate .. 1 2

Arrived SUNDAY, March 25. Arrived-Schoat. March 25.

Es Augusta Victoria, Rarenda. Gibraitar.

Es Etruria, Waiker, Queenstown.

Es Cufic, Smith, Liverpool.

Es Salerno, Scharmberg. Rt. Lucia,

Es Rosse. Leary, Rio Janeiro.

Es Ask, Kara. Gibara.

Es Oriaba, Hoyt, Havana.

Es Oranje Frince, Young, Havana.

Es Nacocches, Buith, Savannan.

Es Reanoka, Boas, Norfolk.

Es Manhattan, Bragg, Fortland, Me.

Es Richmond, Doie, West Point, Va.

Es Richmond, Doie, West Point, Va.

Es Benefacter, Pennington, Philadelphia.

Esthy General.

[For later arrivals see First Page.]

Se Lahn, from New York, at Southampton.

Se La Champagne, from New York for Havre, off the SAILED PROM POREIGN PORTS

Se Lucania, from Queenstown for New York. Se Saale, from Southampton for New York.

SAILED PROM DOMESTIC PORTS Se City of Augusta, from Savannah for New York,

	OUTGOING STRANSHIPS.	
١	Sail To-morrow.	
	Aller, Bremen	9:00 A. M 8:00 P. M 8:00 P. M
	New York, Southampton 6:30 A. M. Trinidad, Bermuda 8:00 A. M. Westernland, Antwerp 8:00 A. M. Germanic, Liverpool 8:00 A. M. City of Washington, Havana 1:00 F. M. Andes, Constyes 11:00 A. M.	10:00 A M 10:00 A M 10:00 A M 11:00 A M 3:00 P M

	Ei Dorado, New Orleans	*******	8:00 F.	×
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	Ardancose Gibraltar March	11
Э	Claribet Port Limon March	17
3	Due Tuesday, Murch 27.	
	Noordland Antworp	17
	Furnessia Glasgow March	17
	St Ronans Liverpool March	14
ŭ	Italia Gibraltar March	18
	Toledo Shields March	13
1	Comal Gaiveston March	20
	Due Wednesday, March 28.	
3/	Teutonic March	21
	Havei Bremen March	20
М	America London March	15
5	Caracas St CroixMarch	24
3	Yucatan	24
	Due Thurmlay, Murch 29.	
8	Boston City	18
	Paruvian Giasgow March	1ii
5	Mississippt London March	14
8	Mareca Dundes March	15

Business Motices. A 82,00 Derby Hat from McCANN'S, 210 Row ery, saves you a triffe over 51. Is it worth saving. Absolutely correct styles in gentlemen's spring hats.

## DIED.

ADAIR.—On Friday evening, March 23, at 273
Macison av., Ann Adair, widow of Robert Adair,
late of Brooklyn, N. Y., in the 70th year of her age.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the
funeral services from the Church of St. John the Evangelist, Waverley place and 11th st., on Mon day, March 26, at 12 o'clock noon. Interment private. The family requests that no flowers be sent. DEC KER.—At New Market, N. J. on March 25, 1894, Peter Decker, aged 89 years and 3 months.

from New York on March 27. LAWRENCE, -On Friday, March 28, at her rest-

dence, 58 West 11th at., Sophie Tiliey, wife of the late William Thomas Lawrence and daughter of the late James Maderson Tilley. Funeral services at St. Mark's Church in the Bowerie, corner of 2d av. and 10th at., on Monday, March 268

POTTS,-On Sunday morning, March 25, 1894, at 148 East 30th at, John Adam Potts, in his 47th No. dol. F. and A. M., and Excelsion Lodge are in-vited to attend the funeral services on Tuesday

# A -WOODLAWN CEMETERY, OFFICE, 20 EAST 80D ST. WOODLAWN STATION 34TH WARD, HARLEM HAILROAD.

Special Motices.

TO LET, premises on Broadway, near 32d st. now occupied by real salate agent: possession to be had at ears. Apply J TEEVAN. 550 6th av.

Religious Rotices,

CIXTH WEEK. Noon meetings in Association Hall, D. Zald at and sch av. 12 to 1 F. M. Leader to-day, Br. John & Baries. Featingsy meeting. Ford. Robweros Will speak. Frof. Weeden. Mrs. Kress. Miss. Upham. Cranis Quartet, 40. will sing. Free.

# New Publications.

THE HUMAN HAIR,

Why It Falls Off, Turns dray, and the Samedy, By Frot. HARLEY FARSEN, F. R. A. S. A. W. LOSO & CO. J. Old Arch at. Philadelphia. Pa. Every one should read this little book.—Alleheum. BOOM. French Conversations." forests 250 French Academy, 303 Broadway: French instruction; con-versation; fencing for laftes. POPULAR PINANCIAL ERRORS.

The transactions on the Stock Exchange last week were obimportant and without special significance. Business virtually came to an end on Thursday, as the Exchange was closed on Friday, and Saturday is a half-holiday by statuts. Operators have been waiting, Seignlorage bill. The bill was presented to him on Monday, and the Constitution gives him until next Thursday in which either to approve and sign it or to return it, with his objections, to the House of Representatives, in which it originated. His delay is interpreted by some as indicating an intention to approve the bill, while by others it is taken to imply that he will veto it; but the more reasonable inference is that he means to employ all the time allowed him in considering the subject.

While the bill undoubtedly has a pernicious tendency, in that it commands, peremptorily, the Secretary of the Treasury to begin at once the coinage of \$55,156,081 of silver, to be added to our already top-heavy circulation, it is by no means the calamitous measure that it is represented to be. The Sherman act, of which only the buildon-purchasing clause has been repealed, leaving the rest of it in full force, allows the coinage of enough dol-lars out of the silver purchased under it to redeem the Treasury notes issued to pay for that silver, and directs that the remainder, or seigniorage, shall be paid into the Treasury. What next shall be done with this seigniorage the Sherman act does not specify, and the bill now before the President aims to supply the emission. It further provides that pending the prescribed coinage, the Secretary of the Treasury may, in his discretion, issue In advance, or, as the bill says, "in excess" of it, certificates to its full amount, and pay them out for general expenses. It is true that the words used seem to authorize, besides this \$55,156,681 for seigniorage, an equal amount of other certificates based upon nothing, but its friends deny that this is a fair interpretation of its language, and it is improbable that Secretary Carlisle would adopt it. Nor need he be in haste to Issue certificates in advance of the actual coining dollars. The worst, therefore, to be feared from the bill is an addition to the currency of 3,000,000 standard silver dollars per month, or thereabouts, which is all the Mint at present can turn out.

publicly made by Senator Sherman, and which has since been formally adopted by the Chamber of Commerce and by the Board of Trade and Transportation of this city, is so entirely imaginary that the credence it has obtained is a singular illustration of the capacity of human nature for self-deception, and of the way In which errors on financial subjects, as upon nany others, become established in the public mist. It is that the silver which was purchased with Treasury notes under the Sherman act is by that act pledged as collateral security for the payment of those notes, and that coining it, or making any use of it except selling it for what it will bring in the market, is a breach of public faith. Hence a resolution of the Chamber of Commerce passed last Monday denouncing the bill, alleges that it "dilutes the security which was pledged under the act of 1800 for the redemption of the Treasury notes issued thereunder." The Board of Trade and Transportation on Wednesday went further and said of the proposed coining of the seignlorage that "a parallel act in commercial transactions would be regarded and punished as a crime." Undoubtedly the gentlemen who presented these resolutions and those who spoke and voted in their favor believed all they wrote and said. The trouble with them was that they never took the pains to read the they would have found that they had not the slightest reason for their indignation. The Sherman act pledges no bullion as security for the notes issued under it, and does not require one ounce of the silver purchased with those notes to be kept in the Treasury for any purpose. Furthermore, it directs that the notes shall be redeemed in gold coin as well as in silver coin, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury; so that not even the silver dollars to be coined out of the buillon for the purchase of which it provided can be said to be impliedly set aside for their redemption.

Notwithstanding its complete baselessness

this error has started on its career and will probably for years to come find plenty of believers. It is like the myth in regard to the \$100,000,000 gold fund, which within a rear men in high political and financial station and which is still obstinately defended by some of them. Although reference to the supposed act or acts requiring the creation or maintenance of this mythical fund has been repeatedly called for, no one has been able to produce it, and yet the whole country a year ago was plunged into financial chaos because the requisite \$100,000,000 gold in the Treasury was in danger of impairment. Even within two months past the replenishment of this same fund has been made the excuse for an issue of \$50,000,000 of Government bonds, though it was declared with remarkable inconsistency that the money received for them

would be used for general expenses. A similar popular error prevailed a few years ago in regard to the old 10-40 Government bonds, which, like many other Government bonds, were expressly payable, principal and interest, in "coin." The engraving on them was not easy to read, and the story having been started that they were in terms payable in "gold," they were actually for a long time bought at higher prices, because of this supposed advantage, by numbers of investors who did not take the precaution to read them for themselves. Even the recent issue of 5 per cents. was for several days quoted in the New York stock list as "gold

5s," before the error could be corrected.

These and similar blunders of New York financiers are naturally made use of by men in other parts of the country who are opposed to us on currency questions, to discredit our claims to deference from the nation at large. The resolution of the Chamber of Commerce, before mentioned has especially been seized upon for the purpose, and the worst of it is that nothing can be said in reply. The Cincinnati Enquirer, among other journals, refers to the memorial of which the resolution forms part as "a model of impudence, falsehood, and ignorance." and every citizen of New York feels himself humiliated by the reflection that the remark is only too true. On the other hand, these same critics, who on this point have the better of us are guilty of propagating errors equally false and much more mischievous in their tendencies.

For example, they are never tired of calling the Coinage act of 1873, which dropped the silver dollar from the list of United States coins, the "crime" of 1873, and of asserting that its passage was procured by a fraudulent concealment of its purpose. Until a year ago, indeed, they said that the nefarious deed was accomplished by the aid of \$500,000 British gold disbursed through the late Ernest Seyd as the agent of British usurers. This lie has been effectually killed by proof that Mr. Seyd was not in this country in 1873, nor during many years before, and that when he was here he was a champion of sliver; but the other lia. that the act was passed by stealth and fraud, in spite of the printed records which show that it was under discussion in Congress for two years before it finally became a law is still in circulation. Moreover, no trickery was needed for the suppression of the silver dollar in 1873, since it had been out of use ever since 1834, and for practical purposes was no more a coin of the United States in 1873 than the German thater was. The few specimens of it that survived the act of 1834 were worth, as bullion, two or three cents apiece more than a dollar in gold, and many cents more than the paper dollar then in circulation. That any man or set of mon foresaw in 1873 the enermous increase of the world's annual production of silver which has since taken place is too incredible to need refutation. Equally false is the often repeated asser-

NINETERSTH CRITURY HOOK BYORK -Cheap edi-nions of all the best books: examine. That's the ax, 13th st. tion that the fall in the prices of wheat, cotton,

caused by it. In the first place, the fall in the prices of commodities since 1873 has not been exactly coincident with the fall in silver, and

even if it had been, it would not prove that it was caused by the fall in silver any more than a fall in twenty thermometers in the same room could be rightfully attributed to the fall in any particular one of them. Bilver, like many other things, has suffered from an in-crease of production not accompanied by a correspondingly increased demand for con-sumption. The proof of this is that certain articles, such as tobacco, coffee, butcher's meat and indigo, have actually risen in gold price since 1873, and the last census shows that wages in this country rose on an average 40 per cent, between 1880 and 1890, while the aggregate wealth of the country increased

during the same interval by one-third. Another popular error inculcated by the advocates of silver in opposition to New York financiers is that the whole nation. with the exception of a few bloated money lenders, suffers equally from the depressing agency on prices of the gold standard. The fact, as shown by the census, is that in this country, in manufacturing establishments alone, 4,711,832 working people were receiving in 1800 wages amounting to \$2,282,823,-285 annually, which is ah average increase, as has been said, of 40 per cent. above 1830, and every dollar of it is far more valuable to its earners in consequence of the depreciation in food and clothing. The advocacy of the gold standard is, therefore, not the advocacy of the cause of the few against that of the many, but the defence of millions of wage earners against the comparatively few farmers of the West and planters of the South.

The truth is that the whole country, New York included, needs to have a more accurate knowledge of financial facts generally diffused among its citizens, and to have many popular financial errors exploded before it can settle MATTHEW MARSHALL.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

New York Stock Exchange—Sales and Runge of Prices of All Securities Dealt in During the Week Ending March 24, 1894. UNITED STATES AND STATE BONDS (IN \$1,000s).

| Solid | State | Solid | Soli

BAILBOAD AND OTHER	BOND	s (IN	\$1,000	183.
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Open	Bigh	Len	Clor
Anim	. 70%	7614	7454	fra.
3 Atchison 4s. r	78	78	100	7076
834 Atchison 2d, As	. 86	80%	1121 1001 1001 451	8654
19 Am. C. O. 8s	.11216	113	11216	118
7 Akron & C. J. let	10012	1001	1000	100%
12 Atl. 4 Pac. in	414	444	412	414
208 Atl. & Pac. 1st	4634	475	4634	471
7 Austin A N. W. lat	80%	11114		11134
14 Atch. & C. 1st	48	40	48	414
12 Brooklyn El. 1st	.10316	10816	1054 1054 1054 1054 1054 128 118	10814
22 R. A O. S. W. 1st	1054	10814	10514	10514
7 Bur. C. R. A N. 1st	1051	1051	1051	10614
86 Bur., C.R. & N. C. T. o.	11756	9756	979	9714
1 Buff., N. Y. A E. 1st.	128	128	128	118
5 Chs. 4 O. 6s. 1911	1194	1194	1104	1194
187 Chs. & O. en. 54	105	1061	1044	1000
72 Cha & O. gnl. 44s	7434	744	118 1104 1046 744 101	101
65 C. 4 O. R. 44. 1st en. 4s	HUM	91	80%	10014
28 C. & O. R. & A. 2d cn. 4e	H.	88	P4.7%	HO
81 C. R. & Q. env. 5s	10314	104	108% 90% 120%	104
62 C. B. A Q. 74	12012	1214	12012	1214 1004 1154
7 C. R. & Q. deb. 56	.101	101	1004	10037
5 C. C. C. A L. 1st	1154	1154	1183	115%
63 Cin. D. A 1 1st 5s	W7	120	W7	120
9 Con G. of C. 5s	82%	824	8214	823
4 C. U., C. 4 St. L., C. W	0.00			10000000
1 Can No. 1st	10012	10914	10016	10914
16 Can. So. 2d	.103	1001	103	10817
18 Chie, A N. P. 1st, T. R.	. 4614	4714	100	4714
7 Clave A Canton lata	70	4712 4712 70	70	4754 4054 70
2 Cent. Pac. gold 'lida	10414	10414	1044	10414
5 Cent. Pac. '98a	100%	100)	1000	1065
SC. St. L. & N. O. M. div	10036	101	1009	101
lst	97	97	97	8134
TO Col. a Mid. 4a	SIM	97 8114	8114	8134
6 Chie 4 E 1st	90	9044 10194	84	1.044
5 Del. 4 H., '94	10116	10117	10164	10156
1 Dul., H. S. & Atl. 58	100	100	104	10514
16 Eliz. 4 B. S. let	9914	1004	99	Bille
10 Erie 1st ex	11116	105%	1325	111134
100 Erie 1st F. 7s	1824	8214	13296	8234
7 Erieca, 1st	13247	134	1824	184
162 Erie en. 2d	. 85	8656	85	85
TO E Tenn. be	40	40	40	40
2 K. Tenn, 1st	111	***	*11	111
11 Plint A P. M. 1st 60	11016	7771	7774	11614
A Pulton Et 1st	774	71150	7734	77
3 Ft. W. & R. G. 1st	6014	C)(.79m	6014	6096
5 Galv., H. & H. 54	65	65	65	65
15 Ga. Pac As cife.	2017	8196	80M	38
3 Ga. Pac. tue. fa, etfa.				W
62 Chic. & E. H. gril. 5a. 6 C. St. L. & N. Q. M. div. 1st. 70 Col. & Mid. 4a. 1 C. G. L. & C. Co. 1st. 5 Chic. & E. 1st. 5 Del. & H. 194 1 Eris en 1st. 2 Eris en 1st. 2 Eris en 1st. 2 Eris en 1st. 3 Eris en 1st. 3 Eris en 1st. 5 Eris en 1st. 5 Eris en 1st. 6 Eris en 1st. 6 Eris en 1st. 6 Eris en 1st. 7 Eris en 1st. 7 Eris en 1st. 8 Eris en 1st. 8 Eris en 1st. 9 Eris en 1st. 9 Eris en 1st. 1 Eris en 1st. 9 Eris en 1st. 1 Er	88	8314	RB	8534
B Harlem let r.	11994	11186	119%	1194
3 Hariem 1st, d	120%	120%	120	120
B1 Gr'n Bay in.  B Harlem 1st, c.  B Harlem 1st, c.  C Hous. A Tex. C. cn. 6s.  2 Hous. A T. U. deb. 4s.	10294	108	102%	103

Total sales of railway bonds (par value), \$8.046. RAILWAY AND OTHER SHARES. ### RAILWAY AND OTHER ## Gross ## And ## Gross ## And ## A

Canada Southern 614 Canadan Facilic 654 Canadan Facilic 654 Canadan Facilic 654 Canadan Facilic 156 Canada

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79 Long Island 55
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1201 Louis N. A. & U. B.
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1 

1200 Pro. Dec. & Ev. 24
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24300 Philis, & Rasding. 224
156 Pritt. Pal. Car Co. 17114
597 Pritts. C. C. & St. L. 144
597 Pritts. C. C. & St. L. pt. 50
440 Pritts & West, pf. 284
1000 Phornix of Arizons. 10
30 Rich. & W. P. 18t. A. P. 24
14228 Rich. & W. P. 24 A. P. 374
1230 St. & St. W. 4
1314 St. L. & S. W. 5
1314 St. L. & S. W. 7
1314 St. L. & S. W. 97
100 St. Paul & Duluth. 25
117 St. Paul & Omaha. 385
117 St. Paul & Omaha. 1134
1502 Nouthern Facing. 245
160 Tol. & D. G. pf. 7
1623 Tol. & D. G. pf. 7
16245 Tol. & Ann. A. N. 104
1625 Tol. & D. C. pf. 7
1625 Union Pacific. 189
1626 Union Pacific. 189
1650 Union Pacific. 18 2427784 75 7578 100184 75 75 7578

Total sales, 777,376 shares. BANK STOCKS.

60 American Exchange | 1016 | 1016 | 1016 | 1016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 |

SUNDAY, March 25. The Treasury balance at the close of business on Saturday was \$780,959,148, of which \$105,881,422 was gold. The national bank note circulation outstanding at the close of business on Saturday was \$207,675,934, an increase for the week of \$05,028. Balance of

deposits to redeem national bank notes, \$25,-

932.149, an increase for the week of \$155,823. The imports of general merchandise, including dry goods, at the port of New York last week were \$11,003,525 against \$10,075,378 the previous week and \$15,354,620 for the corresponding week of last year. The imports of specie were \$200,300, of which \$146,972 was gold, making total specie imported since Jan. 1, \$3,143,524. Exports of specie were, gold \$138,480, and sliver \$480,572, a total of \$619,058, against \$2,436,097 the previous week. The exports of specie since Jan. I have been, gold \$7.836,500, and silver \$9,245,810.

total of \$17,082,310. The weekly statement of averages of the Clearing House banks shows: March 17, March 24, Change, \$2,516,300 Deposits, \$440,008,100 \$445,574,400 Inc. \$2,516,300 Deposits, \$440,008,100 \$11,248,000 Deposits, \$1,308,000 11,248,000 Deposits, \$1,308,000 11,248,000 Deposits, \$1,308,000 11,248,000 Deposits, \$1,308,000 11,248,000 Deposits, \$1,308,000 Ues, \$52,400 Inc. \$2,755,700 Epocies, \$166,583,000 Ues, \$652,400 Inc. \$66,400

Res've.\$212.808.000 \$215.184.000 fac. \$2.-25.100 Re's re'd. 135.006.600 136.116.350 fac. 1.049.750 Surplus \$77.802.800 \$79.077.650 Inc. \$1,775.850 Thesurplus a year ago was \$0,243,200, and two year ago, \$18,007.420.

The Exception's Exceptional Big. The Nova Scotian schooner Exception.

which, despite the protest of her skipper, is registered as a barkentine in the American Record, arrived here yesterday from Sagua in Heaved, arrived here yesterday from Sagua in the remarkably good time of six days. She has never been in this port before. She measures 300 tons, is a three-master, and is aquare rigged on the mainmast—which is the middle mast—and schooner rigged on the fore and mizzen. Occasionalir, when the wind is on the quarter, she sets a big square sail forward, and that is, perhaps, the reason the Yankes call her a barkentine. Ordinarily she carries only fore-and-aft sails on her fore and mizzen, and that, the blue noses think, entitles her to be classed as a schooner.

A Notorious Resort Balded.

The saloon of Calman Goldstein, at 88 Divi sion street, which the police say is the worst resort in the precinct of the Eldridge street station, was raided on Saturday night. In ad-dition to the proprietor, ten women, the boun-cer of the place. James Kelly, and another man were captured. In the Essex Market Police Court yesterday Goldstein was held in \$1,000 ball for trial and the other prisoners were held for examination.

Bankers' Cards.

### I. & S. WORMSER, BANKERS, MILLS BUILDING,

Circular Letters of Credit Available to All Ports of the World, DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER PIEST CLASS INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

RUDYARD KIPLING'S "INDIAN TALES" Have the vividness and dron humor characteristic of this clover author's work, thorest, Corpoli & Ca., Pub-liabers.)

REORGANIZATION OF THE Richmond and West Point Terminal Railway and Warehouse Company

AND ITS SUBORDINATE COMPA-

INCLUDING THE

Richmond & Danville R. R. Co. & System, East Tenn., Va. & Ga. R'way Co. & System. Holders of more than seventy-five per cent, in

amount of reorganization receipts or certificates for the following classes of securities, viz. RICHMOND AND WEST POINT TERMINAL RAIL-

WAY AND WARRHOUSE COMPANY 6 per cent, bends. RICHMOND AND DANVILLE HALLROAD COMPANY Consolidated 5 per cent. bonds.
NORTHWESTERN NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD COMPANY First Morigage 6 per cent, bonds. CLARKEVILLE AND NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD

COMPANY First Mortgage 6 per cent, bonds. OXFORD AND CLARKSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY First Mortgage 6 per cent. bonds.
CHARLOTTE, COLUMBIA AND AUGUSTA RAILBOAD
COMPANY Consolidated Mortgage 6 per cent.

bonds.
EAST TENNERSEE, VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA RAUL-WAY COMPANY Improvement and Equipment Nortgage 5 per cent. bonds. EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA RAIL-

WAY COMPANY First Extension Morigage 5 per cent bonds.

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA BAIL-

WAY COMPANY General Mortgage 5 per cent. bonds.
having assented to the plan as modified under date of February 20th, 1894, notice is hereby given to hold-

ers of reorganization receipts or certificates for securities, as above, who have not yet signified their assent to the plan as so modified, to present their receipts at the office of Prezel, Morgan & Co., 28 Wall street, New York, on or before Monday. April 9th, 1814, at S.P. M., in order that their assent may be noted thereon. The securities of the above issues, represented by receipts or certificates of which the holders shall not have as sented by that date, will be set aside and returned to depositors upon surrouder of the receipts or certificates therefor; or, if thereafter admitted to the reerganiza-tion, it must be upon such terms and conditions as the Committee may determine.

Outstanding holders of the following securities called for deposit under the plan as amended February 20th, 1814, viz : RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY

Debenture 6 per cent. bonds.
RICHMOND AND DANVILLE Receivers' Certificate. for so-called Emergency Loan.
Coupons for sighteen months from CHARLOTTE, CO-

LUMBIA AND AUGUSTA RAILROAD COMPANY Second Mortgage bonds, are likewise notified to deposit same on or before April 9, 1894. Deposits after that date, if accepted, will be on such terms and conditions as the Committee may C II COSTER

GEORGE SHERMAN, ANTHONY J. THOMAS,

NEW YORK, March 21st, 1894.

New York and London, March 6, 1894. TO THE HOLDERS OF THE NEW YORK, LAKE ERIE AND WESTERN RAIL ROAD COMPANY'S

Second Consolidated Mort gage Bonds, (i. e., New Second Consolidated Mortgage Bonds and Second Consolidated Mortgage Funded Coupon Bonds); Funded Coupon Bonds,

of 1885; and Income Bonds: Pursuant to the terms of our circular dated Jan. 2, 1894, and in accordance with the contract with the New York, Lake Eric and Western Railroad Company.

we hereby give notice that having received a majority of each class of bonds of the New York, Lake Eric and Western Railroad Company, called for by our circular, the plan of reorganization is declared operative Holders of outstanding bonds must deposit same with us on or before March 31, 1894, at 12 o'clock

penalties as we may hereafter fix. DREXEL, MORGAN & CO., NEW YORK J. S. MORGAN & CO., LONDON,

New York Guaranty & Indemnity Co.,

59 TO 65 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK, CAPITAL, - - \$2,000,000

SURPLUS, - - \$1,000.004 In addition to its special charter privileges, this Con pany possesses all the powers of Trust Companies under the New York Banking Laws; acts as Trustee for Corporations, firms, and individuals, as Executor of Administrator of estates, and is a legal depository of

trust funds INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS. EDWIN PACKARD, President. ADRIAN ISELIN, JR., Vice-President, GEORGE R. TURNBULL, 3d Vice-President, HENRY A. MURRAY, Tress, and Sec. J. NELSON BORLAND, Assist. Secretary. DIRECTORS.

Augustus D. Juilliard, James N. Jarvie, Richard A. McCurdy, Samuel D. Babcock. George F. Baker, Frederic Cromwell, Alexander E. Orr, Waiter R. Gillette. Robert Goelet. George Griswold Haven, Henry H. Rogers, Henry W. Smith, Oliver Harriman. R. Somers Hayes, Charles B. Henderson, H. McK. Twombly Adrian Iselin. Jr., William C. Whitney. J. Hood Wright.

United States Mortgage Co., 59 CEDAR ST., NEW YORK. CAPITAL - - \$2,000,000 SURPLUM - - - 600,000

Transacts a General Trust Business. Transacts a General Trust Business.

Receives Deposits on Certificate
and subject to check.

Allows interest on Daily Balances.
Loans money on Bond and Mortgage.
Issues First Mortgage Trust Gold Bonds.

Takes entire charge of Estates.

Acts as Trustee, Registrar, Transfer Agt. Pays Coupens. Executes all Trusts.

George W. Young, President.
Luther Kountze, V. Pres. James Timpson, 2d V. Pres.

Arthur Turnbull, Treas. William P. Elliott, Sec.
Clark Williams. Ass't Sec'y & Treas.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTES.
Charles D. Dickey, Jr.
Theodore A. Havemeyer, Luther Kountae,
Charles R. Henderson, James Tunpson,
Elchard A. EcCuroy.
Directories.

Bichard A. McCurdy.
DiRECTORS.
Samuel D. Babcock, T. Lewis.
Charise D. Dickey, Jr.,
William P. Diroo,
Robert A. Grannias,
Theo, A. Havemeyer,
Charles R. Henderson,
James J. Hill, St. Paul,
Gurliner G. Hubbard,
Gustav R. Kissel,
Luther Kouniae,
Luther Kouniae,
George W. Young-

Chicago & Northern Pacific R. R. Co. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

There have been deposited with the United States Trust Company, No. 45 Wall Street, \$12,490,000 of the above-mentioned bonds. MONDAY, APRIL 2, AT B P. M. After that time bonds offered for deposit will be subject, at the discretion of the Committee, to a penalty of ten dollars a bond,

J. EDWARD SIMMONS, HENRY BUDGE, ALPRED S. HEIDELBACH, WM. ALLEN BUTLER, Jr. New York, March 21, 1694.

C. B. CREENE,

74 BROADWAY, SCHOOL SO, ST. 479, And 43.

SEND FOR OUR BOOK THE ONLY SUIDE TO SUCCESSFUL SPECULATION IN WALL STREET.

MAINED FREE

Financial.

Spokane & Palouse Railway Co.

Holders of more than a majority of the First Morb gage Sinking Fund Six per cent. Gold Bonds of the Spokane and Palouse Ballway Company, secured by its mortgage of May 1, 1886, to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as trustes, having become parties to the agreement with the undersigned Committee dated Dec. 30, 1893, the Committee, in order to enable all bondholders to abare in the benefits of the agreement, has extended the time within which such bonds, with all unpaid coupons, may be deposited with the New York Security and Trust Company, until April 18, 1894, after which date bonds will be received only on such terms as the Committee may determine.

Copies of the agreement may be had at the offee of the New York Security and Trust Company, 46 Wall st. New York, or from the Secretary of the Committee

New York, March 20, 1894. GEORGE R. SHELDON.

EDWARD N. GIBBS, R. B. BODSON, EVANS R. DICK, WILLIAM BLODGET, Bondho'ders Committee

U. H. HANKINS, ARTHUR LINCOLN, Steretary, 38 Brond Street.

OFFICE OF THE REORGANIZATION COMMITTEE OF THE

Consolidated Mortgage Bonds OF THE

Northern Pacific Railroad Co. MILLS BUILDING, NEW YORK, Feb. 28, 1804. To the helders of the Consolidated Mortgage Bonds of the Northern Pacific R. R. Co. :

The nudersigned Reorganization Committee, having received responses from the holders of a majority of the bonds of the above-named issue, have prepared and adopted the Agreement of Reorganization which and adopted the Agreement of Reorganization which has been executed by the Committee and certain of the Bondholders, and is now on deposit with the Mercantile Trust Company. All Bolders of said bonds are, therefore, requested to deposit the same with said Trust Company, the Depositary of the Committee, under said Agreement. Engraved Certificates of Deposit will be inseed argainst bonds deposited; and the posit will be issued against bonds deposited; and the Committee will immediately take steps to have such Certificates listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Holders depositing bonds become parties to the Agreement, as if they in fact had signed the same. Copies of the Agreement may be had upon application to the said Depositary, the Mercantile Trust Company, or to the Secretary of the Communities.

EDWARD D. ADAMS, Chairman,

JOHN C. BULLITT. LOUIS FITZGERALD, CHARLES LANIER, J. D. PROBST, JAMES STILLMAN, ERNST THALMANN,

MARGUS, Secretary, Mills Building. New York city,

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE. Lowest Interest.

Smallest expenses No delays.

No disbursements,

TITLE GUARANTEE
AND TRUST @ Offices 55 Liberty St., N. Y. N. E. corner 58th St. and 7th Av., N. L. 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

\$59,000,000. loaned during the past four years.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$2,861,633. KNICKERBOCA

284 FIFTH AVENUE, cor. 21TH ST. Branch, 18 Wall Mt. and S Nassau St. DESIGNATED LEGAL DEPOSITORY CAPITAL and SURPLUS.......81,000,000 JOHN P. TOWNSEND, President, CHARLES T. BARNEY, Vice-President, JUSEPH T. BROWN, 24 Vice-President.

FRED'E L. ELBRIDGE, Secretary, J. HENRY TOWNSEND, Ass't Secretary. Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Checks pass through Clearing House same as on city
banks.

Acts as Executor or Administrator of Estates, and as
Guardian, Secsiver, Registrar, Transfer and Financial
Agent for States, railroads, and corporations.

Hermann Cohen & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.
New York Stock Exchange.
Philadelphia Stock Exchange.
Chicago Board of Trade. Chicago Board of Trade.

Of BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

RAILEOAD STOCKS AND HONDS,

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS,

Cotton and all securities that are dealt in on New
York, Chicago, Philadesphia, or Hoston

Exchanges bought and sold for
cash for carried on margin.

Kountze Brothers. BANKERS, 120 BROADWAY.

FOR TRAVELERS. Available in All Parts of the World THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS for the PONT-CHARTRAIN LEVEE DISTRICT will receive scaled proposale up to 12 00 clock noon, Monday, April 1864, for the purchase of twenty-two thousand dollars of its bonds. Address M. R. SPELMAN, President, New Orleans, La.

Letters of Credit

P. M. LAMBRENONT, Jr., Secretary. Dividends and Interest.

THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILEGAD OFFICE OF
SECRETARY AND THEASURER.
CHICAGO, IR, March 20, 1804.
The First Morizage Souds of the ST. LOUIR JACKSONVILLE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY failing due April 1 1804, together with the that coupon
thereof, will be paid upon presentation at the office
of Mesers. CULLER, MOMIAN & CO. 44 Fine st, New
York city, on and alter Momiay, the 2d day of April
Bell.
CHARLES H. FORTER, Treasurer.

MANHATTAN HAIL WAY COMPANT.
NO. 71 BRUADWAY, NEW YORK, March 13, 1864.
By order of the board of Directors the transfer books of the Registered Rond Certificates of this company will be closed on Friday, March 16, as 3 welcot F. H. preparatory to the payment on Monday, April 2, 1864.
As this office, of the semi-annual inferest of two per cent, on and certificates.
The transfer books will be reopened on Tuesday, April B, at 10 welcot A. M.
D. W. McWILLIAMS, Treasurer.

NO. 71 BROADMAY NEW YORK, Marco 12 1894.

FORTIETH QUARTERLY DIVIOUSLY.

A quarterly dividend of one and our-half per cent. on
the capital above of this company has been declared,
payable at this office on and after Monday, April 2,
1804. The transfer books will be closed on Friday,
March 16, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopened on Tuesday,
April 2, at 10 o'clock A. M.

NORFOLK AND SOUTHERN R.R. CO.

74 BEOAWAY, NEW YORK, March II, 1894.

A quarterly dividend of ONE FER CENT upon the
capital slock of this company has been declared, payalie April 10, 1806. at lice office of the Aliantic Trust
Company, 50 William street, to stockboddern of record
of March 31, 1804. Transfer books will be closed March
31 and reopened April 11, 1804.

By order of the Board of Livectors.

M. W. BOMINIUK, Treasurer.

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTER CO.,

20 COURT ST, RECORLYN,
MARCH 12 INSE.

A REMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF TWO AND ONE
HALV per cent has been this day declared by the
Beard of Directors, payable April 2 1894, to the stock
holders of record on the closing of the transfer becks
at 3 % M. March 20, 1894. The books will be opened at
10 A. M. April 2 1894.

FRANK RALLEY FRANK BAILEY, Secretary.

Elections and Meetings.

LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHAE EHN MAIL WAY COMPANY.

TREASTREES INFILE.

LEAND CENTRAL DEPOT, LEAND CENTRAL DEPOT